



# ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH OR WITHOUT MENISCUS REPAIR

PT Protocol: Dr. Salvatore Frangiamore

#### \*\*YOU NEED TO HAVE YOUR PHYSICAL THERAPY SCHEDULED TO START WITHIN ONE WEEK. THIS IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT.\*\*

**Please follow MOON ACL rehabilitation protocol.** If you are unfamiliar with MOON ACL rehabilitation program, you may utilize the program below. Not every patient will get a brace. If the patient does not have a brace, disregard all references to a brace. The entire MOON ACL rehabilitation protocol is available online for free at <a href="https://acltear.info">https://acltear.info</a>

- Please keep in mind- these are guidelines only.
- Other than specifics regarding bracing and early limitations, I trust your expertise to provide the best treatment strategy for my patients.
- - if there are any questions don't hesitate to contact myself or my team

### Immediate Post-Operative Goals (within 2 weeks)

- Full knee extension ROM (equal to uninjured knee)
- Active control of quadriceps muscle
- Swelling controlled
- Knee flexion ROM of at least 0-90°

#### **Expected Recovery**

- 1. Anticipate approximately 24-36 post-operative PT appointments (3x/week for the first month, 2x/week for second month, 1x-2x/week thereafter)
- 2. Walking without crutches by approximately 2 weeks after surgery
- 3. Back to desk type work/school within 1 week following surgery
- 4. Manage stairs normally by approximately 6 weeks after surgery
- 5. Begin running approximately 12 weeks after surgery
- 6. Progress back to sports 5-6 months after surgery if you have met the goals below

### Progression Criteria

- Outside of rehabilitation sessions, try to limit activity as much as possible for first 2-3 days. Progress slowly initially using pain and swelling as a guide (indication) to progress in rehabilitation sessions
- 2. Add only 1-2 new exercises/activities to your routine each day
- 3. Ice the involved knee for 20 minutes following each rehabilitation session and after strenuous activities
- 4. If activities or exercises added to your routine cause pain, swelling or recurrence of other symptoms, discontinue exercise and consult physician and/or physical therapist immediately

#### Phase 1 (0 to 1 Month)

- WBAT with ACL + Most meniscus repairs (exceptions: meniscus root repair, bucket handle repair or other specified by surgeon) (In this case NWB would be initiated x 4 weeks to protect repair
- Knee Flexion limit to 90 degrees for all ACL + Meniscus repairs for 4 weeks, advance as tolerated from that point on
- Prone lying, supine with log roll under ankle, and gentle stretching to achieve full hyperextension
- Quad sets→ may use e-stim; increase # visit/week if quad inhibited
- Hamstring isometric sets
- Patellar mobilizations, especially superiorly. Cross-friction massage/effleurage
- · Straight leg raises, full arc quads without weights
- Prone knee flexion, heel slides, calf and hamstring stretching, calf pumps
- 4-way hip and 4-way ankle exercises
- Icing or cryotherapy, 5x/day, and 20 minutes each before and after exercises
- Compression stockings from foot to mid-thigh at all times except when showering
- Patient is to get full hyperextension symmetrical to the contralateral knee within 4 weeks of surgery. If not, contact Dr. Frangiamore
- IF THE PATIENT HAS A BRACE, brace locked for first week, except for exercises, then unlocked at all times after 1 week. No brace for sleep or exercises after 1 week.
- Brace may be stopped after 3-4 weeks as long as patient has full extension and can perform a straight leg raise without an extension lag
- Initiate proprioception/balance exercises to include single leg stance
- Weight shifts  $\rightarrow$  forward, retro and lateral
- Patient may WBAT with crutches unless meniscal/chondral work has been performed
- Stationary bike with no resistance, seat elevated to within flexion range
- Crutches may be stopped after 2-4 weeks as long as the patient has full extension, can perform a straight leg raise without an extension lag, and ambulates without a limp.
- Patient may be weaned to one crutch (opposite arm, after 1 week) in order to normalize gait (no limp) and as long as full extension and no extension lag with straight leg raises are obtained

#### Phase 2 (1 to 2 Months)

- 2-3 visits/week, 5x/week home program with goals
- Continue all exercises in previous phase (as described above)
- Begin quad exercises including mini-squats, wall slide mini-squats, partial arc quads (60-90<sup>0</sup>), and hamstring curls with light weights
- Toe raises with weights, step-ups, and step-downs (begin with 2 inches and progress to a full step)
- Progress proprioceptive/balance exercises including single-leg balance progression/wobble board
- If pool is available, may start 4-way hip, lateral movement, deep water jogging in place, retro
- Crutches should be weaned off by this stage and gait should be normal.
- ROM should be full by 2 months. If any extension lag (compared to contralateral knee) or less than 125<sup>0</sup> of flexion is
  present, please contact

#### Phase 3 (2 to 4 Months)

- 2 visits/week, home program 5x/week, must review home program at each visit with goals
- Continue exercises in previous phases (as described above)
- Focus rehabilitation towards more closed-chain exercises including leg presses (0-60o)
- step-ups, mini-squats (0-60<sup>0</sup>), short arc quads (30-90<sup>0</sup>), and hamstring curls with light weights, high repetitions
- Endurance closed-chain quadriceps exercises should begin such as Stairmaster, stationary bike, elliptical trainer,
- Nordic trac (short stride), etc. Focus on increasing endurance and should be performed 3-4x/week
- Continue gait training, including progression to fast walking on a treadmill or even ground
- If a pool is available, swimming may be started but the frog-kick and breaststroke should be avoided. Progress deep to shallow water jogging
- Gait and ROM should be normal by this phase. If it is not, contact

#### Phase 4 (4 to 6 Months)

- 4-5x/week home program, may also have 2 visits per month to review home program with goals
- Continue exercises in previous phases (as described above)
- Slow progression from fast walking to slow jogging on even ground or treadmill or hill work. No cutting, jumping or pivoting
- Advance strengthening with weights including leg presses (0-90<sup>O</sup>), step-ups, mini-squats (0-90<sup>O</sup>), leg extensions (45-90<sup>O</sup>), and leg curls (full motion). Repetitions should be smooth and slow and NOT explosive. May begin jump rope exercises. May advance swimming (no frog-kick or breaststroke)

#### Phase 5 (6 to 12 Months)

- 3-5x/week home program, may need rehabilitative supervision for functional training
- Begin advanced strengthening with weights including leg presses, leg extensions, squats, leg curls, and lunges
- Initiate plyometric program as appropriate for patient's functional goals
- May begin functional training exercises including fast straight running, backward running, cutting, cross-overs, carioca, etc
- Begin gradual return to previous sports/activities/work duties under controlled conditions
- Full return to sports/activities/full work duties are pending Dr. approval based upon the following criteria:

# **Progression for Return to Sports/Full Activities:**

- 1. Progress from physical therapy exercises to cardiovascular conditioning/strength training and then sport-specific activities
- 2. Progress from straight-ahead running to cutting and changes of direction
- 3. Progress to jumping/plyometric exercises as needed
- 4. Progress from controlled to uncontrolled situations
- 5. Progress from participating in limited practice ("safe" drills, limited repetitions), to full practice, and finally competition

## Final Criteria for Return to Sport/Full Activity

- Quadriceps and hamstring at least 90% of opposite leg
- One-leg hop test and vertical jump at least 90% of opposite leg
- Jog, full speed run, shuttle run and figure-8 running without a limp
- Full controlled acceleration and deceleration
- Squat and rise from a full squat
- No effusion or quadriceps atrophy